

Mount Vernon Signal.

VOLUME XIV.

MT. VERNON, ROCKCASTLE COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1899.

NUMBER 7.

THE BRITISH WAVERED

Big Guns Met the English Troops as They Advanced at Ladysmith Monday.

WILD RUSH WAS MADE ON THE BOERS

Joubert Was in Command of the Forces and Showed White That He Was Master.

After a Hundred Britons Had Fallen the English Returned "In Order," They Assert—The Boers Loss is Reported as Heavy.

LADYSMITH, Oct. 31.—The naval brigade arrived Monday morning at half-past nine and commenced firing with six quick firing guns with great precision. The Boer forty-pounders, which had again begun to shell the town, were temporarily disabled at the third and fifth shots. Brisk fighting is in progress on the right and left flanks.

The advance was made at dawn with the object of shelling the Boers from the position where Sunday they had mounted a number of guns. On reaching the spot, however, it was found that they had evacuated the position. The British continued to advance, and the movement developed into a reconnaissance in force. The enemy were posted on a range of hills having a frontage of about 13 miles. The British force was disposed in the following order: "On the right, three regiments of cavalry, four batteries of the Royal field artillery and five battalions of infantry; in the center three batteries of the Royal field artillery, two regiments of cavalry and four infantry battalions, and on the left the Royal Irish fusiliers, the Gloucestershire regiment and the 10th mountain battery. This force had been detailed to guard our left flank at a late hour Sunday night. Gen. White's plan of operations was, as the movement developed, the force constituting our center, which was disposed under cover of a kopje about three miles from the town, should throw itself upon the enemy, while the left flank was being held by the Fusiliers and the Gloucesters. The scheme was well devised, but failed in execution owing to the fact that the Boer position which formed our objective was evacuated. Our artillery quickly reduced the volume of the enemy's fire, but the attack delivered on our right flank was the principal one and the column was compelled to change. The Boer attack had been silenced for a time and our infantry advanced, covered by cavalry. The enemy now began to develop a heavy counter attack, and as they were in great numerical superiority, Gen. White gave orders for the infantry to be gradually withdrawn. The movement was carried out with great steadiness and deliberation, under cover of our guns, which made excellent practice. Some shells were thrown into the town from the enemy's 40-pounders at a range of over 6,000 yards, but no damage was done.

The engagement lasted several hours and resulted on our side in casualties estimated at from 90 to 100. Boer losses must have largely exceeded this total. The attack was admirably delivered by our right and the Boers were fairly driven out of their strongholds near Lombard's kopje. It was not possible, however, to push the success much further, as beyond that point lay a long, broken ridge, affording every kind of natural cover. Of this the enemy took the fullest advantage. Our shells failed to dislodge the Boers, and as our infantry moved forward in extended order, they came under a heavy and well directed rifle fire, the effect of which was soon apparent. Gen. White, who was with the center, seeing that the troops on the right were somewhat pressed, sent to their assistance the whole center column, with the exception of the Devonshire regiment.

The battle had then lasted four hours, during which the artillery fire on both sides had been almost incessant. The naval brigade, which landed at Durban, had arrived on the scene toward the end of the fight and immediately brought their heavy guns into play. Their practice was magnificent. At the fourth shot the enemy's 40-pounders had been knocked out of action. The town is now freed from apprehension of bombardment. Throughout the engagement the Boers held their ground with courage and tenacity and, considering the intensity of our artillery fire, they must have suffered severely.

HOBART HAS A RELAPSE.

The Vice President of the United States is Critically Ill—Heart and Stomach Trouble the Cause.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Vice President Hobart, who has been ill for weeks at his home in Paterson, N. J., suffered a relapse Monday morning. He had a succession of choking spells, resulting from an imperfect action of the heart, an old affliction, complicated with inflammation of the stomach. Mr. Hobart has not been able to attend to his private affairs for the past two or three days, and an intimate friend has been given power of attorney to sign checks and to attend to other matters of that character.

One of the physicians in attendance at 6 o'clock Monday night said that while the condition of Mr. Hobart was serious, he was better than at any time within the last 24 hours.

At 10:30 p. m. news from the sick room of Vice President Hobart that he was conscious and able to recognize those about the bedside. It was stated that no early change for the worse need be expected.

At midnight everything was quiet at the residence of Vice President Hobart. The lights were all out and everything



GARRETT A. HOBART.

appears to indicate that the vice president was resting quietly.

Vice President Hobart has been ill ever since the close of election.

Dr. Newton, who has been attending to the case, made a definite statement as to the cause of Mr. Hobart's illness. He said, however, that the report that Mr. Hobart's mind was in any way affected by the illness was untrue. This statement was also made by members of the family and by Herbert Tuttle, the vice president's secretary.

A. A. Wilson, Mr. Hobart's life-long friend and law partner, said he did not think Mr. Hobart would die Monday night, but that he feared the vice president had not long to live. He refused to enter into details relative to the malady from which the patient suffered, but his idea was that it was necessarily fatal, although not immediately so.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The news that Vice President Hobart had suffered a severe relapse and might not be able to survive the latest attack shocked Washington, where he is decidedly popular and highly respected. It had been known for some time that a sudden attack might completely prostrate him at any moment, and it was realized that his days of activity were over, but nevertheless his friends here were not prepared for Monday's advices.

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 31.—Dr. Newton left Vice President Hobart's house at 3:10 Tuesday morning and went to his own home, half a block away. He was very reticent as to the condition of the vice president, but said the patient was still sleeping and that there had been no change in his condition.

ADM. DEWEY TO MARRY.

He Announces to Intimate Friends His Engagement to Mrs. Hazen, of Washington—Date of Wedding Not Set.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Adm. Dewey announced to some of his more intimate friends Monday night the fact of his engagement to Mrs. W. B. Hazen, of this city. Mrs. Hazen is the widow of Gen. Hazen, formerly chief signal officer of the army, who died about ten years ago, and is a sister of John R. McLean, democratic candidate for governor of Ohio.

Mrs. Hazen has no children, and since her husband's death has made her home with her mother. She is a woman of large means, about 40 years of age and popular in the best social circles of Washington.

Adm. Dewey, at the theater Monday night, informed Secretary Long of his engagement to Mrs. Hazen. It is understood that the wedding will take place some time in November.

Twenty-Five Years at Hard Labor.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 31.—Herman Muller, who killed Policeman John Kossow a month ago, was Monday night found guilty of murder in the second degree and was sentenced by Judge Wallber to 25 years in state prison at hard labor.

FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

KNOTT'S RESIGNATION.

He Will Become First Vice President of the Plant System, the South's Most Extensive Railway System.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 31.—Stuart Knott, whose resignation as first vice president of the Louisville & Nashville railroad, has been accepted by the board of directors, is to become first vice president of the Plant system, the south's largest railway system. He is to have charge of traffic transportation and general operations and is virtually the head of the big system.

Mr. E. R. Erwin, who was elected president of the Plant system upon the death of President Plant a short time ago, is a lawyer and not a practical railroadman. Consequently he will only look after the financial affairs of the company, leaving everything else to Mr. Knott. It is learned from a reliable source that Mr. Knott's salary as first vice president of the Plant lines will be \$30,000. It will be readily seen that the office of the big southern system was such an advantageous one that Mr. Knott could not refuse it. Mr. Knott's headquarters will be in the south, probably at Atlanta. The office of the president is in New York.

Mr. Knott returned to the city Sunday from Cincinnati. When seen by a reporter he said that he did not care to talk about his future plans. "I can not see," said he, "that the name of the railroad with which I expect to be connected or the nature of my duties are matters of any interest. I will assume the new work until the first of next year and that is a little too far in advance to warrant any definite statement from me."

UNDER THE HAMMER.

Property of the Licking Valley Railroad Sold by the Master Commissioner to the Eastern Parties.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 28.—Master Commissioner George C. Webb left on Thursday afternoon for New York to close a deal by which the properties of the Licking Valley Railroad Co. and the Sterling Lumber Co. are to change ownership. The Licking Valley railroad extends from Salt Lick 10 miles into the 13,000 acres of timber land owned by the Sterling Lumber Co., along the Licking river in the direction of West Liberty. All of this property has been incumbered by debt, and was sold a day or two ago under suits to close liens held by Lord & Dudley, of Portland, Me. H. A. Fisk, of Providence, R. I., became the purchaser at \$90,000, which is considered about \$35,000 less than the property is worth. Fisk's company will erect sawmills on the land and get the timber into the market.

Mines Ordered Sold.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Oct. 31.—Receiver P. E. Kemp, of the Excelsior Coal Co., was discharged Monday and the court ordered the master commissioner to sell the property at once. This will cause the closing down of the mines and the throwing out of employment 60 men.

Big Land Deal.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Oct. 29.—Messrs. Charles H. Baker and Henry U. Coleman, of Trenton, N. J., have bought 5,000 acres of mineral and timber lands on Stony creek, Tenn. A new iron blast furnace will be erected at once at the mouth of Stony creek.

Youngest Asylum Inmate.

WINCHESTER, Ky., Oct. 28.—Mary Hampton, who was sent from here Thursday, is probably the youngest patient ever sent to the lunatic asylum in this state. She is only nine years old, but was adjudged a lunatic after a regular trial.

Post Office and Eleven Buildings Burned.

CYNTHIANA, Ky., Oct. 28.—The post office and 11 other buildings at Kelat, this county, were totally destroyed by fire Thursday morning about 2 o'clock. Origin of the fire unknown, but supposed to be work of firebugs. Losses have not been estimated, but will reach several thousand dollars, as most of the buildings were business houses and residences.

Eastin & Larabee's String.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 29.—Eastin & Larabee's horses arrived here from New York Friday night. They are quartered in G. D. Wilson's stable and were taken to Eastin's farm near Avon Saturday. Included in the string are Ben Holladay, Kinley Mack, McLeod of Dare and High Order. Ben Holladay will be retired to the stud.

BANKING FIRM FAILS.

An Assignee Appointed for D. A. Sayre & Co., Lexington—The Bank in Time Will Pay Dollar for Dollar.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 29.—The banking firm of D. A. Sayre & Co., whose president, E. D. Sayre, died Sunday, assigned Friday. It was the oldest bank in the city, having been founded in 1820. The Security Trust & Safety Vault Co. was made assignee. The bank was capitalized at \$37,000. The deposits are placed at \$140,000. The assignee states it will pay dollar for dollar, but it will take all the property belonging to J. W. and E. D. Sayre, Jr., sons of the president, who are the chief stockholders, to pay out. They have a large amount of negotiable paper, but as it is several months under due the bank could not secure money to meet the calls.

ENTERS A PROTEST.

Judge Brown Denies the Right of Circuit Judge Eversole to Preside in the Clay County Circuit Court District.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Oct. 31.—Judge W. L. Brown, of London, has filed with Gov. Bradley a statement denying the right of Circuit Judge H. C. Eversole to preside in the Clay county circuit court district. He bases his claim on a decision rendered by the court of appeals in the Owsley county case last week. Judge Brown claims that under the decision his own term should have been till 1899. Judge Eversole, who, it was announced, would go to Manchester to take up the trial of the feudists Monday, is waiting to see an interview with Gov. Bradley. The matter raised by Brown.

Four More Feudists Indicted.

MANCHESTER, Ky., Oct. 29.—Four additional indictments were made at Manchester Friday in the case of the Philpotts against the Griffin feudists. They are Green Griffin, Sam Brown, Charles Barnett and Dan Hampton. This makes eight in all, with probability of more. No outbreak has occurred as yet. Circuit Judge Eversole is expected at Manchester Monday with two companies of state troops.

No Request for Troops.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Oct. 29.—Judge W. L. Brown, of Laurel county, who was here Friday conferring with Gov. Bradley in regard to the situation in Clay county, denied that any request had been made for troops to attend the Chadwell and Griffin trials.

Father and Son Go to Prison.

BARDWELL, Ky., Oct. 31.—The trial of Tom Clark and son George, who killed a man named Furlong near here, was ended Saturday. Clark and son were sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of two years.

La Farondale Dead.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 31.—T. G. Clay, Halgowan stud, has lost by death the 15-year-old mare La Farondale, by Baden Baden—Gold Vase. She was the dam of several winners.

Was His Own Lawyer.

VERSAILLES, Ky., Oct. 31.—The jury in the Graves murder case was discharged, failing to agree after being out 24 hours. Eleven were for conviction and a short term in the penitentiary, and one for acquittal. James C. Graves is a well known horseman, and killed his neighbor, Charles Cassidy, also a horseman, in May, 1898. Graves claimed self-defense, declined to have a lawyer, and conducted his own case.

Another Murder Reported.

MANCHESTER, Ky., Oct. 31.—Another murder is reported in this county growing out of the Philpotts-Griffin feud. Mark Hall, a renter, living on Geo. Philpotts' farm, was shot and killed. Hall did not belong to the feud, and it is believed he was mistaken for one of the Philpotts. Green Griffin escaped from jail Sunday night.

Paralyzed in a Depot.

RUSSELLVILLE, Ky., Oct. 31.—While standing on the depot platform Monday morning, Ben Settle, a jeweler, was stricken with paralysis. He may recover. He was waiting to meet his wife.

THE LINCOLN COUNTY NATIONAL BANK, OF STANFORD, KY.

Capital \$100,000.

Successors to Farmers Bank and Trust Co., STANFORD, KY.,

And continuously under same management for 29 years. Solicits your Bank account hoping such business relations will prove materially profitable and pleasant.

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Keeps Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Linen Bosoms, Cuffs and Collars. Can Furnish Metallic Caskets and Days Embalming Done on Short Notice and Easy Terms.

Orders by Telegraph or Telephone Promptly Attended to Day or Night.

GREEN FRONT DRUG STORE

Is the Place to Buy

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, JEWELRY, STATIONERY, CIGARS AND TOBACCOS, PAINTS AND OILS.

Call when in Town. C. C. DAVIS & CO., Mt. Vernon, Ky.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF STANFORD, KY.

Capital Stock, \$100,000. Surplus, \$17,320.

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We solicit the accounts of the citizens of Rockcastle and adjoining counties, assuring them prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to us. Personal application and correspondence, with a view to business relations, respectfully invited.

J. S. Hocker, Pres., Jno. J. McRoberts, Cashier, A. A. McKinney, Asst. Cashier.

GO TO

JONAS McKENZIE

MT. VERNON, KY.,

For Everything in

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, General Merchandise.

BEST GOODS AT LIVING PRICES.

Mt Vernon Signal

FRIDAY, NOV. 3, 1899.

Published every Friday by
JAMES MARET.

SUBSCRIPTION ONE YEAR \$1.00

Advertising rates made known on
application

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor,
WILLIAM GOEBEL, of Kenton.
For Lieutenant Governor,
J. C. W. BECKHAM, of Nelson.
For Attorney General,
ROBT. J. BRECKINRIDGE, of Boyle.
For Auditor,
GUS G. COULTER, of Graves.
For Treasurer,
E. G. HAGER, of Boyd.
For Secretary of State,
C. B. HILL, of Clark.
For Supt. of Public Instruction,
H. V. McCHESNEY, of Livingston.
For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. B. NALL, of Jefferson.
For Railroad Commissioner—Third district,
A. W. HAMILTON, of Montgomery.

GOEBEL.

WE believe it will.

STAND by the people.

Rockcastle Democrats do you
duty.

DOWN with the trusts and mon-
opolies.

VOTE for a reduction on school
books.

LET old Rockcastle send in a
good Democratic report.

VOTE Democratic ticket and by
doing so get cheaper school books.

LET us get school books as
cheap as Indiana and other pro-
gressive rates.

MONDAY'S Louisville Times has
the picture of Louis Landram of
the Lancaster Record and an
answer from him to the query: How
he came to be an Editor. It is
rich.

INSTEAD of the L. & N. taking
Goebel on an excursion up Salt
river to the meshes of defeat, he
will, like the old hero of Manila,
ride a battle ship with the sails
kissing every breeze to a glorious
and much deserved victory.

THE partisan papers are now
striving to elect their men by abus-
ing the other side. A man who
is demphool enough to be influ-
enced by such rot ought not to be
entitled to a vote.—(Louis Land-
ram's Record.

HON. G. G. Gilbert's speech
here last Saturday was chock full
of common sense and replete with
truths bearing on the best interests
of the people. A coward house
greeted him and gave undivided at-
tention to the speaker who kept
them well entertained for nearly
two hours. Every Democrat was
highly gratified with the speech
and much good was accomplished
by our Congressman's coming among
us.

RESPONSIBILITY.

Ex-Gov. Brown, Senator Goebel
or Gen. Taylor, which? We
always contended and do so now,
that every person is the absolute
owner of his own ballot, with the
unquestionable right to cast it on
election day as he thinks best.
You should follow the dictates of
your best judgment and conscience.
We have our opinions and are
perfectly willing to give our rea-
sons for those opinions. You need
not accept them unless those rea-
sons which influence us are suffi-
cient to satisfy you. If there be a
man that thinks he can best serve
his country by voting for Brown,
let him satisfy that feeling. We
shall think none the less of you,
but we do think that you are be-
gauded and misled by false and
fraudulent representations. Gov.
Brown will never be Governor
again. He has no more chance
than a one-legged man at a log-
rollin' dance. He stands convict-

ed by his two bosom friends: C. C.
McChord and Uray Woodson of be-
ing for Goebel until he was nomi-
nated; he stands convicted by his
protege, Frank Peake and his
friend, Dr. Gillispie, that he would
take the sump in October if his
wife got better. These are suffi-
cient reasons to convince you that
you should not vote for him. Brown
doesn't expect to be elected; nei-
ther does the L. & N. railroad
look for it. Taylor came up from a
pernicious youth and stands very
well himself, but he is opposed to
having cheaper school books when
fifteen other States have them and
such a law as we want passed. The
law has proved the poor man's
friend in those States why not
here? Gen Taylor and his party
are in favor of trusts oppressing the
people because they had a chance
to vote in the last session of the
General Assembly for an anti-
trust law but each and every one
voted against it when it was
brought up for passage. He is
opposed to the McCord Railroad
Bill to prevent unjust charges. He
indorses nothing; he favors
nothing definitely, therefore, we
couldn't vote for him.

Every important measure that
directly affects the people are set
out in the Democratic platform and
Senator Goebel stands firmly upon
each and every plank of that plat-
form. It is peculiarly his own.
The laborer can find relief therein;
the railroad employe can gather
much consolation from the Double-
header Bill which prevents rail-
roads from putting the work of two
crews of men upon one. The
honest voter can know that under
the election law his vote will be
counted as he cast it. The ship-
per of coal, wheat, timber and
stone will know that he can get a
reasonable rate and the merchants'
numerous freight bills will be less-
ened. The poor, hard working
parent will know that he can buy
his school books 40 per cent cheap-
er. For these reasons we are for
Senator Goebel because that is the
business ticket; it is the poor man's
ticket; it is the contractors' ticket;
it is the business man's ticket. yea,
it is the peoples ticket.

SENATOR WM. GOEBEL was born
in Pennsylvania 42 years ago and
with his parents, came to Cov-
ington when quite a knee-pant, bare-
footed boy, where he has ever
since lived, and where he has
risen to be a leading and trusted
lawyer. This boy's father was a
poor railroad laborer, and William
began life by selling newspapers
on the streets of that city for a liv-
ing. He started without the aid
of fortune, without the aid of rich
and powerful friends, and totally
without family prestige. But re-
alizing that every boy builds
his own fame and fortune, with
the Promethean spark burning
within; with an honest desire to
leave behind him the record of an
honorable life and to write his
name indelibly upon the history of
his adopted State, he began bat-
tling for the coveted goal of his
laudable ambition. He assiduously
labored to gain an education,
and finally went into Ex-Gov.-Ex-
Senator John W. Stephenson's
law office as an errand boy—swept
his office, split his kindling wood,
built his fire and ran law citations
for him. That wise, able and be-
loved Ex-Governor realized there
was both mettle and merit be-
neath that ragged jacket of young
William Goebel, and made him his
law partner. Quickly did his great
natural talent grasp legal questions
and bravely and learnedly did he
represent his clients. When that
legal luminary was called upon
"to join that innumerable caravan"
that is daily moving to the City
of the New Jerusalem, he made Wm.
Goebel, whom he knew so well,
because of his intimate association,
executor of his will without re-
quiring any bond or surety. For
twelve years he has handled that
large estate and made settlements
every two years with the court
without a single objection from the
widow and daughter. To all fair-
minded men, that is sufficient proof
of his honesty. But the repu-
table Republicans, such as Morrow

Bradley, Verkes and all that know
anything of him admit that. No
one can doubt his ability, because
for many years he was the law
partner of Hon. John G. Carlisle,
and was even employed by Ex-
Gov. John Young Brown to rep-
resent this State before Supreme
Court of the United States. Judge
Morrow says that he is a man of
honor, truth and ability. In 1887
his people elected him to the State
Senate, where he has been ever
since, enjoying the honor longer
than any man ever served from
that district. As a member of the
Constitutional Convention he
proved himself of great service to
the State, and inserting that Section
in our organic law that compels
corporations to pay land holders a
reasonable compensation in money
before taking their land to public
use. He is also the father of that
Section which gives the right to
an administrator, heir or devisee
to recover damage for loss of life
of a single man killed through the
negligence of railroads. Every act
of his public life has shown him
to be the friend of the masses.
The railroad companies are fight-
ing him as it never fought any
other man. It is determined, if
possible, to elect Gen. Taylor, but
the people say, Nay! Nay! Pau-
line! Because it is not best to let
great railroad corporations control
the Legislature of our State. Sena-
tor Goebel is determined to see
that the country merchant is treat-
ed right in his rates; to see that the
shipper of our cattle, hogs and pro-
duce are not robbed by freight;
that dealers in lumber, staves,
stone and coal are not forced out
of business by extortion. The L.
& N. may howl and contribute
their thousands; the Insurance
Company's may organize to defeat
him; the banks may say "away
with him;" the hired and venal
news-papers may abuse and slander
him; and corporations may exclaim,
down him! Bradley and Morrow
may stifle their conscience and
pled with "the dear people" to
vote against him, Taylor and Co.
may hoop up the boys in the
trenches on the "slowing around
the circle," but mark what we say:
the honest, unpurchasable voters
of Kentucky will march to the polls
next Tuesday and elect William
Goebel, Governor of this great
State.

A. H. Thurness, Mgr. Wills
Creek Coal Co., Buffalo, Ohio,
writes: I have been affected with
Kidney and Bladder trouble for
years, passing gravel or stones,
accompanied by excruciating pains.
Other medicines only gave tempo-
rary relief. After taking Foley's
Kidney Cure, the result was sur-
prising. A few doses started the
brick dust, little fine stones etc.,
and now I have no pain across my
Kidneys and feel like a new man.
Foley's Kidney Cure has done me
\$1000 worth of good.

C. C. Davis Co., Mt. Vernon;
Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros.
Livingston.

Goebel's last speaking in the
present campaign, at Music Hall
next Monday night, will be a rou-
sling and fighting close to the gam-
ut political fight any candidate
ever put up in Kentucky. It isn't
in the cards to beat such intrepid-
ity coupled with so much ability.

Mrs. Thomas Riddleman, Parsh-
allville, Mich. writes: I was
troubled with Salt Rheum for over
thirteen years, had tried a number
of doctors without relief. My
husband bought a box of Banner
Salve, which I applied two or three
times and my hands began to get
better. In a short time they were
entirely cured.

C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon;
Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros.
Livingston.

Don't forget to vote for Goebel
and the straight ticket,

Theo. Wesley guarantees every
bottle of Chamberlain's Cough
Remedy and will refund the money
to any one who is not satisfied af-
ter using two-thirds of the con-
tents. This is the best remedy in
the world for lagrippe, cough,
colds, Croup and whooping cough
and is pleasant and safe to take.
It prevents any tendency of a cold
to result in pneumonia.

ELECTION LAW.

Its Real Provisions and Workings Are
Plainly Explained.

"This statute was rendered neces-
sary by the frauds by which the vote
of Kentucky was in 1896 taken from
Bryan and given to McKinley. By
what means were these frauds in the
election of 1896 committed? By the
deliberate and systematic violation of
the most important provision of the
secret ballot election law, designed to
prevent fraud, namely, that provision
which directed that at the opening
of the election there should be a division
of the election precincts among the polit-
ical parties contesting in the election.
There was a secret ballot election
law enacted anywhere that did not
contain that safeguard against
fraud. It is that provision which is im-
portant, because by other provisions
of the law it is directed that immedi-
ately upon the closing of the polls the
ballots shall be counted, and immedi-
ately upon conclusion of the counting
the ballots shall be destroyed. The
votes are published from testifying
in any proceeding, civil or criminal,
how he voted. It is obvious that under
such a system, if election officers act
corruptly they can with impunity
make the result of an election what
they please without reference to how
the voters cast. The ballots being
destroyed, and the voter prohibited
from testifying how he voted, it is im-
possible to prove the fraud. When the
offices are divided among the political
parties, the representatives of each
party can see to it—and if they are
honest they will see to it—that no
false count in the ballots is made, and
they will refuse to join in certifying
any other than the honest result.

"From the time that the bill for the
election law was offered in the senate,
it has been publicly said anything
about this law I have stated this
fact. In the election of 1896 the election
officers of the city of Louisville
were appointed that at over 40 pre-
cincts there was not a single election
officer for Bryan. This statement has
never been questioned by any one.
Under these circumstances a majority
of 13,000 was turned out in Jefferson
county for McKinley. It would have
been quite as easy to have made the
majority 23,000 and there can be no
doubt that if the Democratic majority
in the First and Second congressional
districts had not been underestimated
by the Republican party leaders and
their allies in that contest the McKin-
ley majority in Louisville and Jeffer-
son county would have been much
larger than it was. We have the au-
thority of Hon. John S. Rhea for this
fact. Several weeks before the election
of 1896 it became known that the Re-
publican county judges of Monroe
county had grossly violated the law
requiring a division of the election
precincts. Mr. Rhea's brother and a
friend went to Tompkinsville, the
county seat of Monroe county, and
called the attention of the county
judge to this violation of the law, and
demanded a division of the election
precincts. The county judge promptly
agreed to comply with the demand,
and told the Democrats to select their
list of officers, which they did, and the
Democratic majority was secured. On the
evening before the election this county
judge's appointments thus made,
and the officers he had origi-
nally appointed, and the next day
before the election he turned out
the Republican majority in the
county.

"It is a better known fact that in
1896 no definite knowledge could be
had as to what was the Republican
majority in the Eleventh
congressional district for a week after
the election. The reports as to what
that majority was were changed every
day, and the Republican majority grew
with every change. It is reasonably
certain that if the returns of the elec-
tion in 1896 from the other parts of
the State had not yet reached, the re-
turns from the Eleventh
congressional district would still be
held back. In 1896, in the Eleventh
congressional district, the requirement
of the law that the election officers
should divide among the political
parties contesting in the election was
wholly disregarded. The records of
the Bell county court show this re-
markable fact concerning the election
of 1896. One of the precinct election
officers appointed by the county judge
of Bell county for one of the precincts
of the town of Middleboro was Hon.
Daniel G. Colson, then the Republican
member of congress for that district
and a candidate for re-election in that
election. Is it any wonder that a ma-
jority of 18,000 was turned out for Mc-
Kinley in that district? The wonder
is that the majority was not 28,000.

A Remedy.
"In only one way could indefinite
repetition of these frauds be prevent-
ed. That way was by changing the
appointing power so as to render it
certain that at every voting precinct
in the commonwealth the Democratic
party would be represented by two
real Democrats, as well as the Republi-
can party by two Republicans; and
this the new law does. [Applause.]

"Many misrepresentations were cir-
culated and published about this new
law. It was asserted that no penalty
for offenses committed by election offi-
cers was provided by the new law,
and consequently there was no law
providing punishment for such off-
enses. But in the suit to test the val-
idity of the law the appellate court ad-
judged, as the advocates of the law
had contended, that the penalties pro-
vided by the original secret ballot elec-
tion law remained in force and were
applicable to every wrong done after
the enactment of the new law. It was
claimed that because the new statu-
te did not provide for appeals from the
court's decisions of election con-
test bonds in election contests, there-
fore that right was destroyed. But the
court of appeals decided, as the Demo-
crats contended, that the right of ap-
peal to the courts remained unaffected
in every case where there was such
right before the new law was enacted.

"The Republican platform declares
that the law commits broad power to
irresponsible commissioners not cho-
sen by or accountable to the people
for their acts. To whom is a county
judge in any of the mountain counties
having large Republican majorities re-
sponsible? And what would such a
judge care for criticism because he had
not, in appointing election officers, di-
vided them among the old political
parties? Under the old law the netion
of county judge in appointing elec-
tion officers could not be reviewed, nor
could he be removed from office nor
in any wise punished for disregarding
the law governing the appointment of
election officers. There can scarcely be
imagined a more irresponsible power
than that conferred by the old law
upon the county judge.

"But the new law empowers the
state commissioners to remove from
office at any time any county commis-
sioner, so that whenever any county
commissioner violates the law there
is an immediate remedy by bringing
the matter to the attention of the state
board.

"It was said this law was without
precedent, but in Ohio the Republican
party has for years had in operation a
law which vests in one man, the secre-
tary of state, the power to appoint
county election commissioners for all
counties in the state save those con-
taining the large Republican cities,
and in those excepted counties, which
usually go Republican even when the
state goes Democratic, the power to ap-
point the election commissioners is
vested in the mayors. The Republican
party of Ohio, of course, continues to
denounce the infamous Kentucky
election law.

"In Virginia, the home of Jeffer-
son, the father of the Democratic party,
the general assembly at every ses-
sion, by joint resolution, appoints a
board of three election commissioners
for every county in the commonwealth.
It in turn appoints the registration
and election officers. Mahoneism has
given the people of Virginia a proper
appreciation of the importance of this
subject, and they have therefore placed
it upon the same plane with the high-
est function of government—the exer-
cise of the sovereign legislative power.

"In Tennessee, the home of Jackson,
then whom there was no greater Demo-
crat, nor truer man, the governor an-
nually appoints three election commis-
sioners for each county, who in
turn appoint the election officers. The
people of Tennessee have had a longer
experience with Republican frauds
under a secret ballot system than have
the people of Kentucky, and that ex-
perience has taught them what is nec-
essary to prevent those frauds.

Phase of the Opposition.
"I have confidence not only in the
wisdom, but in the integrity of John
W. Daniel and co-workers of Virginia,
and John G. Harris, Benton McMil-
lin, Robert L. Taylor, William B. Bato
and other Democrats of Tennessee.
Their brand of Democracy is good
enough for me, even if it does not suit
the tastes of Mr. Henry Watterson
and Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge,
and I believe that these Tennesseans
and Virginians have at least as much
honesty as W. Godfrey Hunter, W. S.
Taylor and other Republican party
leaders of Kentucky. [Applause.]

"The character of the opposition to
this law is the best evidence of its
wisdom and wisdom. Every corrupt
and malign influence in the common-
wealth or out of it that concerns itself
with our elections opposed the enact-
ment of this law, denounces it now,
and demands its repeal. When the bill
for the law was pending the railroad
lobby, the book trust lobby and every
other corrupt influence at Frankfort
used every possible means to defeat it.
Every influence and agency that fought
the Democracy in 1896 and helped to
steal Kentucky's vote opposed the en-
actment of this law, and is against it
now.

"The best test of any law is its prac-
tical operation. In November of last
year we had an election under this
law. It is conceded that that election
was as fairly conducted as any election
ever held in the commonwealth. Two
contests for seats in congress grew out
of that election, both contests being
made by the Republican candidates,
but in neither case was there any
claim of wrong under or by reason of
this law. Judge Jones, the Republican
candidate for judge of the court of ap-
peals last year, made opposition to this
law the basis of his canvass. He was
defeated. Neither he nor any one else
has pretended that wrong of any
kind was done to the result of the
election, and he is completely answer-
able to every objection that has been
made to this law.

"Governor Bradley in his message
to the general assembly that enacted
this law recommended the enactment
of a new election law to prevent elec-
tion frauds. The bill for the new law
did not meet his views and he vetoed
it, but even he has declared that the
new law is better than the old law, to
which the Republican platform de-
mands a return.

"No well-informed, fair-minded man
doubts that but for this law Judge
Hobson would not now be judge of the
court of appeals. No well-informed,
fair-minded man doubts that but for
this law—without reference to how
the elections this year and next year
would have been determined now
in favor of the Republican party.

"Their real objection to this law is
that it does not state; that objection
is that this law insures honest elec-
tions. This law takes the vote of Ken-
tucky out of the vote market which
Hanna, established in Kentucky in
1896. It destroys the assumed inalien-
able right of the Republican party to
steal elections. It is the barricade
which the Democracy of Kentucky
has erected to repel the invasions of
Hannalism, and it will prove effective
to prevent a repetition of the theft of
1896. [Applause.]

"The Democratic platform indorses
and the Republican platform condemns
the bill offered by Senator McChord
and passed at the last session of the
general assembly, which was vetoed
by the governor.

"If that bill had become a law the
railroad commission would have been
empowered by it to fix maximum rates
for the carrying of freights on rail-
roads in this commonwealth, in order
to prevent discrimination and extor-
tion. Several years before the present
assembly had enacted section 816 of
the Kentucky statutes, which under-
took to define the offense of extortion
by railway carriers and to impose a
penalty for its commission. In April,
1896, the court of appeals adjudged
this statute insufficient to support a
prosecution, because the general as-
sembly had not by law fixed a max-
imum rate for freight carrying, nor em-
powered the railroad commission to
do so. To remedy this defect the Mc-
Chord bill was passed. The bill made
it the duty of the railroad commission
upon complaint of extortion to give
notice of a hearing, to hear the proof
on both sides, and if it is found an
extortionate rate was being charged,
to fix just and reasonable rate which
should be the maximum rate there-
after to be charged, and the charging
of a greater rate should be deemed ex-
tortion and punished by fine.

SCHOOL BOOKS.
Democratic Platform Favors the Law
Reducing the Price.

"The Democratic platform favors,
and the Republican platform opposes,
the enactment of a law reducing the
prices of schoolbooks used in the com-
mon schools of the state. At the last
session there was passed by the house
of representatives a bill upon this sub-
ject, offered by Mr. Chinn of Mercer
county. This bill fixed a maximum of
prices for schoolbooks on an average,
one-third less than the prices now
fixed by the school book trust, but
that maximum was still 10 per cent
above the average maximum price
fixed by a similar law that has been
in successful operation in Indiana for
10 years. In the house of representa-
tives and in the senate every Republi-
can vote was cast against this bill.

"What good reason can there be
why the same school books, manufac-
tured and sold by the same corpora-
tion, should in Kentucky cost 43 per
cent, or nearly one-half, more than
they cost in the adjoining state of In-
diana? Such is the fact, solely because
the law permits it, and because the
representatives of the Republican party
in the last general assembly did the
bidding of the lobbyists of the book
trust. If there be anything that ought
to be made as nearly free as air as the
law can make it, it is the opportunity
of every child in the commonwealth
to get an education.

"The Democracy of Kentucky af-
firms that it is as true now as it was
when Jefferson wrote it into the Decla-
ration of Independence, that govern-
ments derive their just powers from
the consent of the governed, and that
this applies to all peoples everywhere.
They affirm that this nation should
no more have a British colonial policy
than it should have a British financial
policy; that what would have been
criminal aggression in Cuba is 'crim-
inal aggression' in the Philippines, and
therefore they denounce the policy of
the present national administration in
these islands. The only redeeming
features of the Republican policy of
imperialism are the bravery and hero-
ism of the American soldiers. [Ap-
plause.]

"The Republican party in this cam-
paign appeals to the people for sup-
port upon the record of the present
Republican state administration. The
present state administration came into
power upon the claim that its Demo-
cratic predecessors had unnecessarily
increased the public debt, raised the
rate of taxation and misapplied the pub-
lic funds. Let us look at the books,"
said they in the campaign of 1895, "and
we will show these things. For nearly
four years Kentucky has had Republi-
can rule; the Republicans have had
the books, but there has not been, nor
is there now, even a pretense that dur-
ing Democratic administrations a sin-
gle cent was misappropriated. The
present Republican administration,
when appealing to the people for sup-
port in 1895, promised, if elected, to
reduce the expenses of government. It
has increased them. It promised to
reduce the rate of taxation, but has
increased it. It promised to reduce
the public debt, but has increased it.
It promised to raise the per capita an-
nual allowance for school children, but
has decreased it. Never in the history
of the commonwealth were there such
scandals in the management of the
prisons and insane asylums as under
Republican management. The Republi-
can platform complains that by legis-
lation enacted at the last session of
the general assembly it was deprived
of the control of the penitentiaries.
The Democratic wardens and other of-
ficials in charge of the penitentiaries
when the Republican administration
came into power had been appointed
for terms fixed by law. The Republi-
can administration turned out these
people before the expiration of their
terms. The Republican manage-
ment increased the cost of the
penitentiaries. The Democratic man-
agement under the new law has not
only decreased the cost of maintaining
and operating the penitentiaries, but
has made them self-sustaining.

Republicans Arraigned.
"By the vote of the entire Republi-
can membership of both houses of the
general assembly at its last session
there was prevented the passage of a
law reducing to a just charge the
prices of school books now fixed by the
book trust, and by the vote of the
Republicans of the general assembly
there was prevented the enactment of
a proper and effective anti-trust law.

"Nearly every bill passed by the gen-
eral assembly that would have given
people relief from oppressive burdens
was vetoed by the Republican govern-
or—chief among which was the Mc-
Cord bill to prevent extortion and dis-
crimination in freight rates by rail-
road corporations, and both upon its
original passage and upon the ques-
tion of passing it over the veto every
Republican vote was cast against
this bill. This bill was entirely in the
interest of the masses of the people of
the commonwealth.

"The governor vetoed the 'fellow-
servants bill,' which would have given
the same right of compensation for in-
jury to, or death of, railway employes
by reason of negligence that the law
gives to strangers. This bill, if ap-
proved, would have given a large class
of employes who daily hazard their
lives, for an inconsiderable compensa-
tion, in a public service, the same right
that the law gives the traveler upon
the highway. The gross discrimination
that this bill would have elimin-
ated from our law was removed from
the law of England 20 years ago by a
bill offered by Mr. Gladstone.

"The governor even vetoed the bill
requiring railway companies to carry
bicycles as baggage.

FOR HOARSENESS.

Geo. A. Pontins, Upper Sandus-
ky, O., writes: I have been using
Foley's Honey and Tar for sore
throat and hoarseness and find it
the best remedy I ever tried. It
stopped the cough immediately and
relieved all soreness.

C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon,
Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros.
Livingston.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY

Not only cures, but it keeps well
Is sold by an organized company of
responsible business men and has
the endorsement of thousands of
Clergymen and noted people
throughout the country. We speak
of that wonderful instrument,
Electro-voice, and ask your careful
examination in to the cures
it has wrought. Col. A. P. Nunnally
of the Inter-Ocean, Chicago, writes
"Nearly three years experience
with Electro-voice only confirms
the truth of your claims. I say to
my friends that this instrument is
most wonderful invention and I
would not part with mine if I could
not get another. Send address for
our book giving letters from people
who have been cured by Electro-
voice. ELECTRO-VOICE CO.,
513 Fourth Avenue, Louisville
Ky.

Mt. Vernon Signal

MT. VERNON, KY., NOV. 3, 1899

Entered at the Mt. Vernon, Ky., Post-office as second-class mail matter



L & N. LOCAL TIME CARD.

Day Mail North..... 11:05 a m
Day Mail South .. 1:57 p m
Night Ex. North..... 1:32 a m
Night Ex. South..... 1:44 a m
J. A. LANDRUM, Agent.

MASONIC.

Ashland Lodge No. 640 meets 2nd Monday 10 a m.

LOCAL and OTHERWISE.

Vote for Goebel.
Vote Democratic.
Don't forget to vote.
L. M. Houk is no better.
Don't forget to vote on Tuesday.
Put your "X" under the rooster.
Miss Ida May Adams is visiting Paint Lick.
Mace Miller has returned to Glen Mary.
Vote early and late—Tuesday, and keep at it.
Thomas Moore, of Wabed, was here Saturday.
E. B. Brown is home for a few days recreation.
Jim Hayes of near Wildie, was here Saturday last.
Frank Kirby was here Tuesday talking for Goebel.
Crab Orchard has three new houses under construction.
"Dick" Ewell was here Tuesday on a business trip from London.
Tom Stewart the "Lumber king" was taking up lumber this week.
Green Front Drug Store for medicines.
Two Mormon elders are preaching at Raspberry.
Look out for a big Democratic majority in the State.
James McGuire aged 98 was in town a few days since.
Mrs. Georgia Rice is visiting relatives in West Virginia.
James Arnolds \$75 mule is dead. Thought to have been shot.
Chas. McKinney bought the Kirby Bottoms farm for \$500.
Jesse Bullock went to Cincinnati and had an afflicted eye removed.
Mrs. D. C. Poynter, now at Martinsville, Ind., is improving.
J. T. Gentry and John D. Miller brakemen were here for a days rest.
The name of D. R. Totton appears on the ballot as "D. R. Totton."
In our next week's issue we expect to tell of Democracy's triumph at the polls.
Mr. and Mrs. Brack Graves have returned from Birmingham. Fred Graves is improving.
J. W. Yerkes has announced his candidacy for U. S. Senate to succeed Senator Lindsay.
Lion Coffee 10 cents per pound at S. W. Davis'. Gold Dust washing powder 5c per package.
J. A. Shannon, Crab Orchard's excellent marshal caught a negro horse thief last Saturday.
Put your "X" under the Democratic rooster, if you want to vote the regular Democratic ticket.
A. H. Bastin has sold his Crab Orchard storehouse and lots to a Mr. Ramsey of Fayette county.
Judge W. L. Brown, of London, is suing for the position of Circuit Judge, now held by Judge Eversole, claiming that the election was illegally held.

Fred Rader, near Orlando shot himself accidentally Tuesday.

Jake Gentry was fined for shooting on the highway one night last week.

HAY. In any quantity.
TIP & HARRY BRUCE,
Danville, Ky.

Do you, or will you need hay? Tip & Harry Bruce, Danville, Ky., are "the people." Write 'em.

Miss Fannie Langford has moved from DeHaven, Mo., to a farm near Crab Orchard, this State.

Boys' suits made to order for \$3.75 and up. See my line of samples.
S. W. DAVIS.

N. H. Tyree, the blacksmith, has concluded to remain here until after the election and is found at his old stand.

Call Signal office, over telephone any time election day or night or any old time; give us the returns news &c., "We pay the freight"

A. J. McKinney and Masters Asher Cummins, L. S. Cummins, and Sam McKinney, of Level Green, called to see us Wednesday.

A postal card without any writing on back addressed to Signal and post mark Louisville has been received. Write again and say something.

Read the articles on the election law and school book law and see if any fair minded man, with children to educate, can vote the Republican ticket.

Gen. Taylor, traveling on special coach, made an hour's stop here on last Wednesday and spoke at the court-house to a fair crowd. He opposed the election law; the school book law, &c.

Call and see my magnificent line of fall and winter samples now for inspection. Men's suits made made to order at \$10 and up.
S. W. DAVIS.

STRAY.—A stray shot at my place, Mareburg, Ky. Will weigh 35 or 40 lbs. Owner can have same by proving and paying cost.
Z. EMMERICK

We wish to get the returns from all precincts in the county on night of election points from where we can be reached by telephone will please call us up. We pay all charges.

Mrs. F. Warren and grand child was bitten by their family dog. It is supposed the dog was mad as it has since died. They were taken to a madstone.

Later—The Baker madstone at Climax, this county, was applied and it adhered for two hours to the wound of the elder, but failed to stick to that of the child, as it is said the skin, where bitten, was not broken.

Many inquires have been made as to when the game laws of Kentucky expire. The statutes provide that it shall be unlawful to kill or have in possession squirrel between the first day of February and 15th day of June. Quail, partridges or pheasants cannot be killed between January 1 and November 1. The killing of doves is prohibited between February 1 and August 1. There is no restriction placed upon the killing of rabbits, but it is generally accepted as the proper time after there has been frost. There is danger of the law against tainted food being invoked should the rabbit be sold during warm weather.

Crawfordsville, Ind.' street fair proved a big success. Everything that A. F. Ramsey undertakes proves successful. He was made president of the affair and of course pushed it to a finish that was highly satisfactory to his little city, which the inhabitants thereof call "the best town in the state." Last week the citizens who were connected with the fair gave a banquet in Mr. Ramsey's honor and a great time was enjoyed by all present. Mr. Ramsey was highly complimented by many speakers for his enterprise and untiring industry in the cause of upbuilding their town and community. Mr. Ramsey is a Rockcastle man.

Land, Stock, Crop

The News was presented with a pumpkin the past week which weighed over 100 lbs. Trimble county rightfully deserves the honor for being the banner pumpkin county in the State.—Milton News

J. P. Simmons has bought several crops of new tobacco in the Baldwin locality, paying from 6 to 7 1/2 cents a pound.—Valley View Argent.

The greatest sale of wool ever made in Indiana was closed at Crawfordville when McClure, Graham and Roundtree sold to the Manchester mills of Manchester, N. H., over 300,000 lbs of fine wool at 18 and 20 cts.

Mr. J. T. Curtis sold 32 yearling mules to W. N. Jones, of Tennessee at \$58 per head.....Mr. M. C. Covington, of Calcast, sold and weighed to J. W. Bales, Wednesday morning sixty-three head of cattle, averaging 1,350 pounds, at \$5 12 1/2 per hundred. A number of these cattle were two-year-olds and the bunch is considered a very fine one by Mr. Bales.—Richmond Pantagraph.

D. C. Allen sold Price Bros., 18 long yearlings 4c. He shipped three loads of cattle, hogs and sheep to Cincinnati, the cattle selling at \$2 26 to \$3 85; hogs at \$3 75 to \$4 20; sheep, \$3 50 to \$4 50. Mr. Allen has already shipped 10,000 cattle, sheep and hogs to Cincinnati this year.—Stanford Democrat.

It will not be a surprise to any who are at all familiar with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, to know that people everywhere take pleasure in relating their experience in the use of that splendid medicine and in telling of the benefit they have received from it, of bad colds, of cured, of threatened attacks of pneumonia, it has averted and of the children it has saved. It is a grand, good medicine. For sale by Theo. Wesley, Mt. Vernon Ky.



Put the "X" under the Rooster if wish to vote the Goebel Democratic ticket.

DON'T RISK YOUR LIFE.

Many of your friends, or people whom you know of have contracted consumption, pneumonia or other fatal diseases by neglect of a simple cold or cough. Foley's Honey and Tar, a safe, sure and pleasant cough medicine, would have saved them.
C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros., Livingston.

BRODHEAD.

L. L. Jarrett was in Mt. Vernon this week.

Mrs. Marion Hutchison of London was visiting relatives here first of the week.

Miss Clyde Cass who is attending the college at Mt. Vernon came down Saturday to see home folks.

Mr. Newman and family moved to Cincinnati Monday. He made many friends during his short stay at this place and the people regret very much to give him up.

Linn Howell has moved to Gilpin property on main St.

Mrs. Wm. Gilpin is very low with consumption.

Agent Joe Farmer's mother of South Park Ky. is visiting him this week.

R. S. Martin and family are visiting relatives in Louisville.

Miss Lela Murphy of Cincinnati is visiting relatives here.

About 100 people about 50 of whom were Democrats gathered at the depot to hear Taylor.

E. E. Protheroe is on a business trip up in Ohio.

Mrs. John Sigman and little daughter, Cora are on the sick list.

Mrs. E. R. Protheroe, of Grandbury, Tex., is visiting relatives at this place.

"Pomp" Cass' mother, of Louisville, is visiting him this week.

C. C. Williams and J. W. Brown registered at the Hotel Frith, Saturday night.

Miss Samantha Albright, the accomplished daughter of Wm. Albright, who has been sick for several months, is able to be out again.

The names of the pupils getting the highest grade at the College, on their general average for the month of October are the following: Burdette Houk, Mt. Vernon. Alza Thompson, Clyde Cass, Brodhead.

Danville Steam Laundry first class work. Represented in Mt. Vernon by D. S. Purdom, the Barber.

W. P. Hayes and Arch Albright, of Brodhead, were here Monday.

Dr. M. Pennington has newly carpeted his office and added a handsome book case, also a compressed air apparatus for treating catarrh of head and all diseases of throat. This is the only apparatus of the kind in the county. He has also added quite a lot of instruments for use in surgery. The Doctor, by close application and hard study is making rapid strides to the front.

If you want to exchange produce for dry goods or groceries, call on A. E. Albright & Co., No. 4 East Court street, Cincinnati.

CHATE.—Send your produce to A. E. Albright & Co., No. 4 East Court street, Cincinnati.

J. H. Albright has a dozen or more farms of his own within a 3 mile circuit of Brodhead, which he will sell or rent. Write him at Brodhead.

How TO PREVENT A COLD. After exposure, or when you feel a cold coming on take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails and will prevent pneumonia or consumption if taken in time. C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros., Livingston.

Jones Fish and Geo. Griffin, of Wildie, were here Wednesday.

WHAT A WELL-KNOWN RAILROAD Man and Resident of Lima thinks of Foley's Kidney Cure.

I have been troubled a great deal with backache. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure, and one bottle entirely relieved me. I gladly recommend it to any one especially my friends among the train men, who are usually similarly afflicted.
Geo. Hansen, Engineer on L. E. & W. R. R. R.
C. C. Davis & Co. Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead Hagan Bros., Livingston.

Joe Coffey, of Langford, was here Saturday last.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM CURES OTHERS WHO NOT YOU? My wife has been using Chamberlain's Pain Balm with good results for a lame shoulder that has pained her continually for nine years. We have tried all kinds of medicines and doctors without receiving any benefit from any of them. One day we saw an advertisement of this medicine and thought of trying it, which we did with the best of satisfaction. She has used only one bottle and her shoulder is almost well.—ADOLPH L. MILLETT, Manchester, N. H. For sale by Theo. Wesley.

Fair DEALING.

Our Fall and Winter stock of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes are coming in every day,

In our Dry Goods Department we have everything that you need and as cheap can be sold anywhere.

Our Boot and Shoe Department is complete with the best and most stylish boots and shoes made. When you want a good boot or shoe come to us.

Our Grocery Department is also complete with nice, fresh goods. In fact, if you want anything to eat and wear come to us.

HOUK & SON.

Don't forget the pure Candy made by S. W. Davis.

No. 1. fancy patent flour at S. W. Davis' for 55c and Belle of

If you need a good printing outfit, suitable for a small country paper; 7 column Washington hand press for less than half what it cost, Address S. W. DAVIS, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

Goebel, and Taylor, badges for sale by Lloyd Maret. Price 5 cents each. Call at Signal office and get one.

EVERYBODY LOOK.

I am selling the Singer Sewing Machine on easy terms and keep all kinds of sewing machine needles oil bands, shuttles, and everything that belongs to a sewing machine. Will send needles by mail to any address. I also clean and repair all kinds of machines. You can see me here every Saturday. W. M. Owen Mt Vernon Ky

Mackerel 5c each in Basement.

Suits made to order, a fit guaranteed, from \$7.50 up—Houk & son.

For the best shave or hair-cut to be had within Rockcastle go to Purdom the Mt Vernon barber.

WANTED:—Wood and coal in exchange for tuition at Collegiate Institute. Call on Dr. A. E. Ewers, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Pine Hill Mining Company, of PINE HILL, Rockcastle county, Ky., is closing up its business as such company and any person holding a claim against said Company must present same to the Trustee, S. A. Bowley, formerly S. A. Parrish, at Hot Springs, Va., for settlement.
PINE HILL MINING CO.,
By J. A. August, Pres.
Oct. 17th 1899.

Call and see my line of fancy groceries and get bargains.
S. W. DAVIS.

A big cut in saddles and harness at S. W. Davis'.

USED BY BRITISH SOLDIERS IN AFRICA

Capt. C. G. Dennison is well known all over Africa as commander of the forces that captured the famous rebel Galishe, Under date Nov. 4, 1897 from Vryburg, Bechuanaaland, he writes: "Before starting on the last campaign I bought a quantity of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used myself when troubled with bowel complaint, and had given to men, and in every case it proved most beneficial." For sale by Theo. Wesley.

Goebel badges, Taylor badges, for sale by Lloyd Maret.

SHORT HORNS FOR SALE.—I have two red Short Horn bulls for sale.
E. P. Woods, Stanford, Ky.

P. A. Pennington, D. D. S.; M. D. DENTIST;

N W Cor. Third and Chestnut Sts. LOUISVILLE, KY.

Will be at Miller House, Mt Vernon during all Circuit Courts.

R. G. WILLIAMS, Attorney-at-Law MT. VERNON. KY.

R L BROWN, Attorney-at-Law, MT. VERNON, KY.

For Rent; a house of 3 rooms on Newcomb avenue Mt. Vernon apply at Signal office. 3t

G. W. McClure. J. W. Brown. MCCLURE & BROWN Attorneys-at-Law. MT. VERNON, KY.

All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. Office on Main street

C. C. WILLIAMS, Attorney-at-Law, Mt. Vernon Ky.

Office on 2nd floor of new brick on Church street. Special attention given to collections.

DR. A. G. LOVELL, Physician and Surgeon MT VERNON, Office North side Main street

FOR SALE. Three houses and lots in Orlando also a good farm on Cove branch 135 acres. Good buildings and out houses. Good grass land as well as highly productive for other crops. Well watered. At a bargain apply to Signal or J. B. Owens, Orlando. tf.n

TO BUILDERS.—J. W. Marler & Sons now have their mill on one of the best sites in the county and are fully prepared to cut bills to order on very short notice. Lumber can be delivered at Mt. Vernon if desired. Give us your orders and get prompt attention and the best

\$42 WORTH OF PRESENTS For 50c worth of work. We are giving away Watches, Bicycles, Sewing Machines, Guns &c, to introduce our paper, PASTIME high class illustrated family paper: of from a 16 to 32 large pages: 64 to 128 columns of Choice Good Stories Literature, Art Humor Letters of Travel in Foreign Lands &c: &c. And all you have to do to get \$42, worth of presents is to get 20 subscribers at 10c each. Send 10 in stamps for full particulars, long list of presents and our paper, PASTIME for 6 months Address THE PASTIME Louisville Ky.

S. N. Davis —SURVEYOR— Mt. Vernon, - Ky. Also, an Agent for the Tailors in the world

"Duty Feed"
Man and Steed.

Feed your nerves, also, on pure blood if you would have them strong. Men and women who are nervous are so because their nerves are starved. When they make their blood rich and pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla their nervousness disappears because the nerves are properly fed. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Too Late.
A horseman burst into the prison yard. "Reprieved!" he shouted, and waved a paper aloft.
"Too late," replied the warden, sadly.
"Is the man hanged already?"
"No; but he has eaten the hearty breakfast of ham and eggs, coffee and potatoes!"
Executive clemency was all right in its place, but it could not be suffered to interfere with the conventional course of events. Yes, the horseman's steel was undeniably foaming, but even that availed little or nothing under the circumstances.—Detroit Journal.

Jason Crow, Osearville, Ga., Says:
"I feel it my duty to write and let you know what your medicine, '5 Drops,' has done for me. I have had rheumatism about 18 years, but was able to be up most of the time, until a year ago last May, when I was taken down and not able to move about. About six weeks ago I saw your advertisement and wrote for a sample bottle. After taking a few doses, it did me so much good that I ordered some more for myself and friends and in every case it has done wonders and given perfect satisfaction. Dr. Woodliff, my family physician, who has had rheumatism 15 years, is taking '5 Drops,' and says it is the most efficient rheumatic medicine he has ever used. May 31, 1899."
The above refers to "5 Drops," a perfect cure for rheumatism, kidney and all kindred complaints. The proprietors, Swanwick Rheumatic Co., 164 Lake St., Chicago, offer to send a 25c. sample bottle for only 10c. during the next 30 days. Be sure to read their advertisement of last week.

Thoroughbred.
A New York society dame, who is an ardent upholder of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, owns a little fox terrier of which she is exceedingly fond. A man who called on her the other day was admiring the dog and asked her mistress how she, with all her humane theories, could have allowed the cruel dog fancier to cut off Snap's tail and ears to the fashionable degree of brevity. The dame drew herself up and replied, with some hauteur:
"My dear sir, Snap expected it. Every thoroughbred fox terrier expects to have his tail and ears shortened." And then humbled man went away saying to himself: "That's the first time I ever thought of 'noblesse oblige' as applying to fox terriers."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

To Los Angeles and Southern California.
Every Friday night, at 10:35 p. m., a through Tourist Car for Los Angeles and Southern California, leaves the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Union Passenger Station, Chicago, via Omaha, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City, for all points in Colorado, Utah, Nevada and California.
In addition to the regular Pullman porter, each car is accompanied by an intelligent, competent and courteous "courier," who will attend to the wants of passengers en route. This is an entirely new feature of tourist cars and will be appreciated by families or by ladies traveling alone. Particular attention is paid to the care of children, who usually get weary on a long journey.
These tourist cars are sleeping cars supplied with all the accessories necessary to make the journey comfortable and pleasant, and the berth rate (each berth will accommodate two persons) only \$6.00 from Chicago to California. Ask the nearest ticket agent for a tourist car folder, or address Geo. H. Heafford, General Pass. and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

She Enjoyed It.
They had been sitting together for half an hour.
"I have enjoyed our conversation so much!" she exclaimed, as she rose to go. "It is so restful to talk with you!"
And after she had left him he remembered that he had not been able to get in ten words edgewise throughout the whole conversation.—Somerville Journal.

Thanks you, 11th July, 1899.
Greatly reduced rates via the C. H. & D. Railroad. Tickets sold on November 29 and 30, limited to December 1, for return. Ask your nearest C. H. & D. agent for full particulars regarding time of trains and rates.

"Oh, yes, he hates all women." "I wonder what particular woman he began with?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Ayer's Pills

Look at yourself! Is your face covered with pimples? Is your skin rough and blotchy? Is your liver? Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, and dyspepsia. 25c. All druggists.

Went your stomach or heard a beautiful brown or rich blue.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the hair.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

Dr. Williams' Indian Pills cure all kinds of constipation, biliousness, and dyspepsia. 25c. All druggists.

Dr. Williams' Indian Pills cure all kinds of constipation, biliousness, and dyspepsia. 25c. All druggists.

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Dr. Williams' Indian Pills cure all kinds of constipation, biliousness, and dyspepsia. 25c. All druggists.

IN BRYAN'S STATE.

Former Governor of Illinois Talks to Nebraskans.

Charles McKinley with Helms Under the Control of Syndicates and a Corrupt Colonial Policy.

Former Gov. John P. Altgeld, of Illinois, opened his speech making tour of Nebraska at Blair October 25. An immense crowd greeted the Illinois orator, and when he ascended the speaker's stand he received an ovation. His speech was punctuated with enthusiastic applause. In part, he said:

"We witness in our country to-day a most remarkable political phenomenon. The men who helped to bring the republican party into being and who guided that party in its great career, and through it helped to shape the destiny of the country, find themselves now forced to leave it. We see John Sherman, ex-Senator Edmunds, ex-Senator Boutwell, ex-Senator Henderson, Carl Schurz and a host of men who made the republican party great now vigorously denouncing the executive elected by that party and declaring that the life of the republic is threatened. The consequence of the party is leaving the slimy hand of corrupt greed is exercising absolute control.

"The party began its career as the child of humanity and the champion of the oppressed. It was when it was guided by Lincoln and his associates. But it seems now to have traveled the semicircle and reached the opposite pole, where it is guided by the slimy hands of Mark Hanna and his associates. When we see men severing their connections of a lifetime, cutting loose from all that they helped to build up and raising a cry of alarm for their country, we must feel assured that the republic is in danger.

Question of Despotism.
"What, then, is the question which has created the alarm? It is not a question of expansion. It is not a question whether we shall maintain the republic or increase the population that shall be subject to the constitution and laws of the United States; for, however men might differ as to the wisdom of such act, they would not regard it as destructive of our institutions.

"Personally, I have no doubt that, moving in the life of a natural growth and development, this republic will expand. It will in time extend to the frozen seas of the north. It will in time embrace the West Indian islands, but this development will come naturally, will come by constitutional methods and will be the result of the inhabitants of the territory thus acquired, will become subject to our constitution and laws and the inhabitants will become citizens of the United States. No violence will be done to the basic principle of free institutions. I repeat, it is merely a question of expansion we would not to-day see the distinguished men I have named risking their lives in alarm and severing their connection with the party they had helped to make great.

"It is a question of establishing a despotic system of government. It is a question of following in the wake of England and holding and holding subject colonies whose people shall be governed not according to the principles of our constitution and laws, but in violation of them, and whose people, instead of becoming American citizens, will remain in a state of servitude, their former oppressors toward Spain. We are to go into the business of robbing other nations of their liberty, and it is because this great result in the ultimate extinction of our own liberties and the overthrow of our own institutions that the alarm is raised.

The Money-Making Influence.
"On April 18, 1888, congress declared war against Spain. It declared that the island of Cuba was and of right ought to be free and independent, and, among others, adopted this resolution: 'Fourth, That the United States hereby disclaims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island except for the pacification thereof, and ascertains the determination, when that is accomplished, to leave the government and control of the island to its people.'

"This was high ground and was in harmony with the principles of our government. It commanded the respect of the world, and placed us in a more honorable and honorable light than any nation had ever occupied. But a chance soon came over the spirit of administration. You recall that prior to the declaration of war the great syndicates and the money-making influence, which the government was controlling the administration were opposed to interfering. It was claimed that some of them were interested in Spanish bonds and other property rights and were, therefore, willing to see the island slaughtered so long as it did not affect them and President McKinley, who was apparently under the control of these influences, stated that rather than embark his administration in an unholy war he would have it go down into history as a failure. Note the words. He was asked to go to war in the cause of liberty, and he talked about an unholy war.

"But the American people forced congress to act, and no sooner did congress adopt the declaration of war than the syndicates, the politicians and other powerful interests that had opposed it turned around and apparently took charge of the government and went in with a determination to make as much as possible out of the war in the way of contracts, in the way of oil sales and in the way of advantages of money-making which the island where the war was to be carried on might offer, and from that time on the entire tone of the administration was changed.

A Corrupt Colonial Policy.
"The successive steps we have followed in the footsteps of England and have embarked upon a corrupt colonial policy. England maintains a colonial policy in order to have offices to give to the sons of the aristocrats and in order to be able to exploit the industry of others. We are embarking upon a colonial policy in order to furnish places for corrupt and hungry politicians and to enable syndicates to exploit the industry of the Philippine islands. After having stood upon the declaration of independence for a century and a quarter and held it out to the world as a guide for all people, we are now stabbing it to death, turning our backs upon this glorious career and are entering into a scramble with other despotic nations of the world on the low and barbarous plane of brute force.

"The president has been practicing a confidence game upon the American people. Everything points to the fact that the policy of imperialism and forcible acquisition of the Philippine islands was settled upon early in the summer of 1888, when the syndicates were camping in the white houses and straddling the nation. Early in August, 1888, Gen. Merritt, who had just come from Washington and was in the secret of the administration, took command of the American forces and reversed the policy of a friendly attitude toward the Philippines. He refused to recognize Aguinaldo and the Philippine officers, and publicly stated that he could take no more notice of Aguinaldo than if he were a mere boy in the street.

right to sell and deliver them. Instead of looking with a friendly and encouraging eye upon a people who were making a life and death struggle for the liberty of man and death struggle for the liberty of man Secretary Day wrote to the United States consul in Manila that the McKinley administration would take no other view of the Philippines than that they were simply rebellious subjects of Spain.

"The war could even now be ended in a few hours if we would assume the role of ultimate independence. To still further show the deep scheme that President McKinley, at the dictates of the syndicates, had endeavored to carry out I direct your attention to the fact that he had applied to congress when it convened in December, 1888, for a standing army of 100,000 men. Not an army of volunteers, mark you, but a regular army of 100,000 men. The despots of Europe rely on regular armies, but this republic has always depended upon the volunteers. The glory of this republic largely rests upon the achievements of volunteers, yet in the face of this record the president carries a conscience as well as a gun. This had rarely exceeded 25,000 men, but President McKinley in December, 1888, after the war with Spain was over, when there was no enemy threatening our institutions or assailing our rights, ordered a regular army of 100,000 men. What was this for?

Two Kinds of Soldiers.
"If there was a definite purpose in view why did he insist upon having a regular army? My friends, the explanation was recently given by Gov. Lind, of Minnesota, when he stated that the volunteer soldiers carried a conscience as well as a gun. The kind of a soldier is not so well suited for purposes of despotism as the so-called regular soldier, who is supposed to be a mere brute fighting machine and to have no conscience. So long as we adhere to the principles of the declaration of independence just that long a volunteer army is the most desirable. But when we wish to depart from republican principles of government and to enter into a brutal struggle for the subjugation of weaker people, when we wish to establish despotic principles of government, then we need a different kind of soldier. Have you reflected upon the consequences of having a body of men apart from the rest of the community, having false standards of honor and supported by the government and spending their time in training in drilling, marching, and in the art of killing?

"The American people were shocked at the revelations of the recent Dreyfus trial. Yet, my friends, the conditions existing in France as disclosed in that Dreyfus trial, are the natural and legitimate outgrowth of militarism. It rests on brutality and force. No set of men who are permitted to eat bread that is earned by the sweat of other men's brows, undertake free institutions or are safe guardians of liberty. This was a man swaggering in a glittering uniform who recently declared that he had outgrown the constitution. Brushing aside the constitution with his brutal tactics and sword is a performance that the world has become familiar with, and it always signifies the same thing.

Eloquence from Hanna.
This is a great year for the discovery of orators in holes and corners where they were not previously known to exist. We have praised the blossoming Gage and glorified the new moon May. We will now, for our instruction, reproduce a gem from the Youngstown effort of the unexampled Hanna. He said in part and in one breath:

"I hold and being a business man and being in a community where men have engaged themselves in this business and who have devoted all of their lives to the accumulation of money, that money credit can be given to them who have helped to shape the destiny of this government and the policies of it in the direction which will form the best interests of this country and which has been due to the success of the republican party."

Cleero in his reply to Hayne, or Daniel Webster in collaboration with the language-murdering cousin Noah, denouncing Cullane, would not have been a foot high by the side of this eloquent burst.—Washington Times.

Combinations of capital are the outgrowth of the protective tariff, according to Mark Hanna. He is the first republican of his kind to acknowledge that the tariff is the parent of the trusts. Many more progressive and broader minded republicans have recognized that the trusts gain an immense benefit from the tariff and they have declared themselves in favor of abolishing tariffs wherever they protect trusts. But Mr. Hanna is the only man in the country who has the temerity to commit the double folly of defending trusts because they are the creation of the tariff and of praising protection because it has built up the trusts.—Kansas City Star.

As late as May 1, 1898, there wasn't a traitor in the United States. The nation was in ecstasy over its unity and solid loyalty. The McKinley administration has many merits, yet most distinguished of all is the fact that within less than two years it has managed to make more "traitors" out of sincere, conscientious, liberty-loving and God-fearing citizens than any other administration in an equal period of time since this republic was founded. Hence arises the imperative necessity that Mr. McKinley should be indorsed.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

"It is no longer a question of expansion with us; we have expanded," said President McKinley at Iowa Falls, Ia., adding: "If there is any question at all it is one of contracting, and who is going to contract?" Well, perhaps congress will have something to say on that subject. That body may consider it dangerous to let one man, even the president, have such unlimited power over the constitution and the traditional policy of this country as is implied in Mr. McKinley's position on the Philippine question.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Isthmus of Panama.
Its engineers believe that they have solved the problem of the successful completion of this great enterprise. If it will prove a great benefit to humanity, no more, truthfully speaking, than has Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the remedy which never fails to cure afflictions of the stomach—for of what use is properly to have health? The Bitters invigorates weak stomachs and torpid livers, and is one of the blessings of the age.

A Nude Departure.
Husband—That gown appears to be cut considerably lower than your last one.
Wife—Yes; the dressmaker has departed somewhat from the lines of last season's models.
"I see. A nude departure."—Philadelphia Record.

Every reader of this paper should give special heed to the offers which are appearing from week to week by the John M. Smyth Co., the mammoth mail order house of Chicago. In this issue will be found their advertisement of a thoroughly up-to-date, first-class sewing machine, at the astonishingly low price of \$14.25. Coming as this offer and other offers from a house with a commercial rating of over one million dollars, and of the highest character, they mark an opportunity that the shrewd buyer will not be slow to take advantage of. The John M. Smyth Co., 150 to 166 West Madison street, will send their mammoth catalogue, in which is listed at wholesale prices everything to eat, wear and use, on receipt of only 10 cents to partly pay postage and prepayment, and even this 10 cents is allowed on first purchase amounting to one dollar.

The Fuel Problem.
"I suppose you had money to burn in the Klondike?"
"No," answered the man who had been lying by the hour, "we didn't have anything but chunks of chilly, incombustible gold. We'd have paid a big price for a few scuttles of dollar bills."—Chicago Chronicle.

How's That?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
J. C. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. We have known him for 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. We have known him for 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. We have known him for 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

A Model.
Miss Antique—Is he a nice, quiet parrot?
Dealer—Oh, yes, ma'am; he never swears unless he's sworn to.—Puck.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The Man and the Bore.—The Solemn Bore—Have you ever reflected that there will be no more time? The Bury Man—"I haven't any now."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Polite Man.—The Bystander—"What are you taking off your hat for?" The Man at the Phone—"I'm talking to a lady."—Chicago Tribune.

I cannot speak too highly of Pisco's Cure for Consumption.—Mrs. Frank Mober, 213 W. 22d St., New York, Oct. 29, 1894.

The silent man may be a mine of wisdom, but a talkative fellow sometimes explodes the mine.—Chicago Daily News.

Check Colds and Bronchitis with Hale's Horsetooth and send for a complete assortment of accessories and book of instruction FURNISHED FREE with each machine.

60 DAYS TRIAL. We ship this machine C.O.D. subject to approval on receipt of ten dollars. If on examination you are convinced that you are saving \$25 or \$30 on agent's price, pay the balance and freight charges then try the machine. If not satisfied at any time within 60 days send the machine back to us at our expense and we will refund the full purchase price.

THE MARKETS.
CINCINNATI, Oct. 31.
LIVE STOCK—Cattle common \$3.01 @ 4.21
Select butchers 4.90 @ 5.00
CALVES—Fair to good light 7.25 @ 7.40
HOGS—Common and heavy 3.60 @ 4.00
Mixed hogs 4.10 @ 4.25
Light hogs 4.40 @ 4.50
SHEEP—Common 3.00 @ 3.25
LAMB—Spring 4.90 @ 5.00
FLOUR—Winter patent 3.40 @ 3.75
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red 60 @ 62
No. 3 red 58 @ 60
No. 2 mixed 56 @ 58
No. 3 mixed 54 @ 56
Rye—No. 2 62 @ 64
No. 3 60 @ 62
Barley—No. 2 52 @ 54
No. 3 50 @ 52
BUCKEYE—Mess pork 62 @ 64
BUTTER—Choice dairy 14 @ 16
POTATOES—Creamery 1.50 @ 2.00
APPLES—Choice to fancy 1.50 @ 2.00
POTATOES—Per br. 1.30 @ 1.40

WOMEN do suffer!
Even so-called healthy women suffer!
But they are not healthy!
The marks left by pain are on the young faces of many of our daughters. Pain that leaves its mark comes from a curable cause. If that cause is not removed its influence reaches out and overshadows a whole life. The reason Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been so uniformly successful for over a quarter of a century in overcoming the suffering of women, is that it is thorough and goes directly to the cause. It is a woman's remedy for woman's ills.

Miss EMILY F. HAAS, of 148 Freeman St., Greenpoint, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I wish to state that I used your Vegetable Compound with the greatest success. I was very sick for nearly a year with hysteria, was down-hearted and nervous; also suffered with painful menstruation and pain in back and limbs. I often wished for death, thinking nothing would cure me. I had doctors, but their medicines did me no good. At last, by the advice of a friend, I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am happy to say it has entirely cured me."

JENNIE SHERMAN, of Fremont, Mich., Box 748, writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel that I must write you and tell you what your medicine has done for me. I had neuralgia of the stomach for two years, so bad that I could not do any work. I had two or three doctors, but did not seem to get any better. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and improved from the first, had better appetite, and after taking three bottles of Compound and one box of Liver Pills, can say that I am cured. Your Vegetable Compound is a wonderful medicine."



JOHN M. SMYTH CO.
MAMMOTH MAIL ORDER HOUSE
150 to 166 WEST MADISON ST. CHICAGO

\$14.25 **\$14.25** **The Best Sewing Machine on Earth**
At the Price, \$14.25 for Our "MELBA" Sewing Machine.

A high-arm, high-grade machine equal to what others are asking \$25.00 to \$50.00 for. Guaranteed by us for 20 years from date of purchase, against any imperfection in material or workmanship. The stand is made of the best iron and is nicely proportioned. The cabinet work is perfect and is furnished in your choice of antique oak or walnut. It has seven drawers all handily carried and with nickel-plated ring pulls. The mechanical construction is equal to that of any machine regardless of price. All work parts are of the best oil-tempered steel, every bearing perfectly fitted and adjusted so as to make the running qualities the lightest, most perfect and nearest noiseless of any machine made. It makes a perfect and uniform LOCK STITCH, and will do the best work on either the lightest or heaviest cloth, sewing over seams and without skipping stitches. A full set of best steel attachments, nicely nickel-plated and enclosed in a handsome plush-lined metal, japanned box, and a complete assortment of accessories and book of instruction FURNISHED FREE with each machine.

60 DAYS TRIAL. We ship this machine C.O.D. subject to approval on receipt of ten dollars. If on examination you are convinced that you are saving \$25 or \$30 on agent's price, pay the balance and freight charges then try the machine. If not satisfied at any time within 60 days send the machine back to us at our expense and we will refund the full purchase price.

\$14.25

MAMMOTH CATALOGUE
In which is listed at lowest wholesale prices everything to eat wear and use, is furnished on receipt of only 10¢ to partly pay postage and express charges. As evidence of good faith the 10¢ is allowed on first purchase amounting to \$1.00 or above. (OUR MONTHLY GROCERY PRICE LIST FREE)

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 & \$3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.
Worth \$4 to \$8 compared with other makes.
Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.
ALL LEATHERS. ALL STYLES. THIS CENTURE ARE W. L. DOUGLAS' name and price stamped on bottom.
Take no substitutes elmsed as an excuse. Large makers of \$3 and \$3.50 shoes in the world. Your dealer should have them—if not, we will send you a pair on receipt of price. State kind of leather, size and width, plain or cap toe. Catalogue B Free.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP
Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup without fail. In the best for Bronchitis, Croup, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, and for the cure of Consumption. Mothers praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Small doses; quick, sure results.

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GUN CATALOGUE FREE
Send your name and address on a postal, and we will send you our 156-page illustrated catalogue free.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
176 Winchester Avenue, New Haven, Conn.

CARTER'S INK
The best ink made, but no dearer than the poorest.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS GIVEN AWAY.
LIKE FINDING MONEY.
The use of the Endless Chain Starch Book in the purchase of "Red Cross" and "Hubinger's Best" starch, makes it just like finding money. Why, for only 5c you are enabled to get one large 10c package of "Red Cross" starch, one large 10c package of "Hubinger's Best" starch, with the premiums, two Shakespeare panels, printed in twelve beautiful colors, or one Twentieth Century Girl Calendar, embossed in gold. Ask your grocer for this starch and obtain the beautiful Christmas presents free.

25c. that's all
If you will send us 25c, we will send you Demorest's Family Magazine for three months and give you two handsome pictures in ten colors, exact reproductions of famous oil paintings. They are 8 by 11 inches. This offer is only good for 60 days.
Write to DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE Art Department 110 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY

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ESTABLISH A HOME OF YOUR OWN

Read "The Corn Belt," a handsome monthly paper, beautifully illustrated, containing exact and truthful information about farm lands in the West, letters from farmers and pictures of their homes, barns and stock. Interesting and instructive. Send 25 cents in postage stamps for a year's subscription to "THE CORN BELT," 200 Adams St., Chicago.

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CURES WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup, Cures Croup. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

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